

STATISTICAL MACHINE TRANSLATION WITH AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION OF TRANSLATIONESE

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ORIGINAL OR TRANSLATION?

EXAMPLE (O OR T?)

We want to see countries that can produce the best product for the best price in that particular business . I have to agree with the member that free trade agreements by definition do not mean that we have to be less vigilant all of a sudden .

EXAMPLE (T OR O?)

I would like as my final point to say that we support free trade , but we must learn from past mistakes . Let us hope that negotiations for free trade agreements with the four Central American countries introduce a number of other dimensions absent from these first generation agreements .

TRANSLATIONESE

THE LANGUAGE OF TRANSLATED TEXTS

- Translated texts differ from original ones
- The differences do not indicate poor translation but rather a statistical phenomenon, **translationese** (Gellerstam, 1986)
- Several reasons:
 - SIMPLIFICATION (Blum-Kulka and Levenston, 1978, 1983)
 - EXPLICITATION (Blum-Kulka, 1986)
 - NORMALIZATION (Chesterman, 2004)
 - INTERFERENCE (Toury, 1980, 1995)

IDENTIFYING TRANSLATIONESE

- Automatic identification of translationese (Baroni and Bernardini, 2006; Ilisei et al., 2010; Ilisei and Inkpen, 2011; Popescu, 2011)
- Investigation of translationese features (Volansky et al., 2015)
- Cross-domain evaluation (Koppel and Ordan, 2011; Avner et al., Forthcoming)

IDENTIFYING TRANSLATIONESE

WHY DOES IT MATTER?

- Language models for statistical machine translation
(Lembersky et al., 2011, 2012b)
- Translation models for statistical machine translation
(Ozdowska and Way, 2009; Kurokawa et al., 2009;
Lembersky et al., 2012a, 2013)
- Cleaning parallel corpora crawled from the Web
(Eetemadi and Toutanova, 2014; Aharoni et al., 2014)
- Inherently depend on data annotated as original vs. translated

CONTRIBUTION

- Can the predictions of translationese classifiers replace manual annotation?
- When a monolingual corpus in the target language is given for constructing a language model for SMT, automatically identifying the translated portions of the corpus, and using only them for the language model, is as good as using the entire corpus
- When a parallel corpus is given, automatically identifying the portions of the corpus that are translated in the direction of the translation task, and using only them for training the translation model, is again as good as using the entire corpus

PLAN

- Train classifiers to tease apart original from translated texts
- Construct SMT systems with language models compiled from the predicted translations, comparing them with similar SMT systems whose language models consist of the entire monolingual corpora.
- Construct SMT systems with translation models compiled from bitexts that are predicted as translated in the same direction as the direction of the SMT task, comparing them with similar SMT systems whose translation models consist of the entire parallel corpora

OUTLINE

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 EXPERIMENTAL SETUP**
- 3 EXPERIMENTS
- 4 CONCLUSION

DATASETS AND TOOLS

- Corpora: Europarl, Hansard, the News Commentary Corpus
- **Chunks** of 2,000 tokens
- Sentence detection, tokenization, POS tagging
- Classification with SVM (SMO) using Weka
- SRILM for language models
- Moses for SMT

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CLASSIFICATION OF TRANSLATIONESE

- Dataset: Europarl (FR→EN, DE→EN, EN→FR)
- Features: **Contextual function words** (Volansky et al., 2015);
e.g., *⟨in, the, Noun⟩*
- Intrinsic evaluation
- Perplexity

ACCURACY OF THE CLASSIFICATION

AND FITNESS TO THE REFERENCE SET OF FR→EN LANGUAGE MODELS COMPILED FROM TEXTS PREDICTED AS TRANSLATED

Data set	Chunks	Acc. (%)	Perplexity			
			1-gram	2-gram	3-gram	4-gram
Predicted	1245	98.96	463.51	94.81	71.60	68.76
T	1255		463.58	94.59	71.24	68.37
O	1258		500.56	115.48	91.14	88.31
All	2513		473.00	93.34	67.84	64.47

ACCURACY OF THE CLASSIFICATION

AND FITNESS OF LANGUAGE MODELS COMPILED FROM TEXTS PREDICTED AS TRANSLATED TO THE REFERENCE SET, DE→EN AND EN→FR

Data set	Chunks	DE→EN		EN→FR		
		Acc. (%)	Ppl	Chunks	Acc. (%)	Ppl
Predicted	1,146	99.08	62.23	1,410	98.47	47.92
T	1,153		62.07	1,413		47.89
O	1,153		76.68	1,411		59.75
All	2,306		57.48	2,824		44.49

LMS COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

EVALUATION OF THE FR→EN SMT SYSTEM BUILT FROM LMS COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

Data set	BLEU↑	MET↑	TER↓	p
Predicted	28.9	33.2	53.8	0.16
T	29.1	33.3	53.6	0.58
O	27.8	32.9	54.7	0.00
All	29.1	33.3	53.8	

LMS COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

EVALUATION OF THE DE→EN AND EN→FR SMT SYSTEMS BUILT FROM LMS COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

Data set	DE→EN				EN→FR			
	BLEU↑	MET↑	TER↓	p	BLEU↑	MET↑	TER↓	p
Predicted	21.9	28.6	63.8	0.87	26.3	47.8	58.3	0.47
T	21.8	28.6	63.9	0.37	26.1	47.7	58.5	0.03
O	21.0	28.4	64.6	0.00	25.1	47.0	59.5	0.00
All	21.9	28.6	63.7		26.3	48.0	58.7	

CROSS-CORPUS EXPERIMENTS

HANSARD-BASED SMT SYSTEM, EUROPARL-BASED CLASSIFICATION

Data set	Chunks	Acc. (%)	BLEU \uparrow	MET \uparrow	TER \downarrow	p
Predicted	1,321	78.22	37.8	37.7	45.9	0.11
T	2001		38.0	37.8	45.7	0.86
O	2001		37.5	37.6	46.1	0.00
All	4002		38.0	37.7	45.8	

CROSS-CORPUS EXPERIMENTS

CROSS-CORPUS EVALUATION: NEWS COMMENTARY CORPUS

Data set	Chunks	BLEU \uparrow	MET \uparrow	TER \downarrow	p
Predicted	1,470	27.0	33.0	55.2	0.02
All	2,527	27.2	33.0	55.2	

TMS COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

ACCURACY OF THE CLASSIFICATION AND EVALUATION OF SMT SYSTEMS

Task	Data set	Chunks	Acc. (%)	BLEU \uparrow	MET \uparrow	TER \downarrow	p
FR \rightarrow EN	Predicted	1,678	98.93	31.1	34.7	52.1	0.13
	$S \rightarrow T$	1,690		31.3	34.8	51.7	0.94
	$T \rightarrow S$	1,689		28.4	33.3	54.4	0.00
	All	3,379		31.3	34.7	51.9	
DE \rightarrow EN	Predicted	1,607	99.44	23.7	30.3	61.6	0.00
	$S \rightarrow T$	1,613		24.0	30.4	61.3	0.05
	$T \rightarrow S$	1,612		21.7	29.0	63.9	0.00
	All	3,225		24.2	30.5	61.1	
EN \rightarrow FR	Predicted	1,678	98.93	29.4	50.7	55.3	0.11
	$S \rightarrow T$	1,689		29.3	50.8	56.1	0.18
	$T \rightarrow S$	1,690		26.7	48.2	58.2	0.00
	All	3,379		29.1	50.6	56.0	

TMs COMPILED FROM PREDICTED TRANSLATIONESE

CROSS-CORPUS EVALUATION: HANSARD-BASED SMT SYSTEM, EUROPARL-BASED CLASSIFICATION

Data set	Chunks	Acc. (%)	BLEU \uparrow	MET \uparrow	TER \downarrow	p
Predicted	1,840	79.36	36.3	36.9	46.6	0.00
$S \rightarrow T$	3,000		37.3	37.3	46.2	0.94
$T \rightarrow S$	3,000		34.1	35.8	48.9	0.00
All	6,000		37.3	37.4	46.0	

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CONCLUSION

- Direction matters
- Translationese matters
- Import for less-resourced languages

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Utilize parallel corpora for classification (Eetemadi and Toutanova, 2014, 2015)
- Improve feature set
- Reduce chunk size
- **Unsupervised classification** (Rabinovich and Wintner, 2015):
Sunday 13:30–13:55, Session 5A

THANK YOU



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